



THE WORLD BANK



Stabilization of nine hectares of dune with sisal and Lalande plants in Afondralambo, commune of Anjampaly, district of Tsihombe, Androy region, Photo by Miguel Rasolofo/CRS



Mionjo: development of green infrastructure and resilient landscapes.

In Madagascar, climate change is manifested in particular by extreme phenomena of intense drought in already arid areas and devastating episodes of wind erosion (Tiomena).

Financed by the World Bank through the Government of Madagascar with more than \$11 million, the Mionjo project implemented by Catholic Relief Services aims to develop green infrastructure and resilient landscapes for the community vulnerable to climate change in the Androy and Anosy Regions.

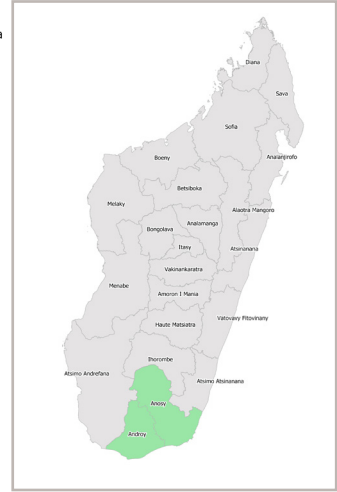
Goal of the project

The goal of the Mionjo project is to reduce the effects of climate change, strengthen the resilience of the population to desertification and promote sustainable development.

Key information

TYPE OF PROJECT	Environmental protection, re-forestation, and access to water
FUNDING	\$11,433,329 from Mionjo Project Management and Coordination Unit
INTERVENTION AREAS	Tsihombe and Ambovombe districts (Androy region); Taolagnaro and Amboasary districts (Anosy region)
PARTNERS	Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development (MEDD); and Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (MEAH)
DURATION	December 2022 - November 2024

Intervention areas



Activities



Stabilizing dunes



Planting windbreaks along agricultural lands



Construction of wells



Implementation and operationalization of nurseries



Reforestation



Restoration of large watersheds (Spring protection)



Awareness campaigns



Operationalizing a fire management system

1720
ha

Dunes to be protected

450
ha

Areas to be reforested

580
ha

Water sources to be protected

168
ha

Windbreaks to be planted

14

Nurseries to be implemented